



Bayreuther Zentrum für Ökologie und Umweltforschung

Bayceer

Do. /Thu. 12 st Gebäude/Building GEO Hörsaal/Lecture hall H6 Sommersemester / Summer Term 2016

BayCEER Kolloquium

Vortragsreihe Ökologie und Umweltforschung Lecture series in Ecology and Environmental Research

Donnerstag 23.06.2016, 13:00 Uhr, H6

Anschließend Postkolloquium mit Mittagsimbiss im Foyer H6

PD Dr. Karsten Wesche

Dept. of Botany, Senckenberg Museum of Natural History Görlitz

Die Vortragsreihe ist eine interdisziplinäre Plattform zur Information und Diskussion für Studierende, Forschende und Lehrende

> Gäste sind herzlich willkommen

The lecture series serves as an inter-disciplinary platform for students, junior and senior scientists.

> Guests are cordially invited!

Climate controls override grazing effects under extreme conditions of Central Asia

Mongolia and China host some of the most extensive and environmentally diverse rangelands, including the world's largest alpine environments on the Tibetan plateau, some of the most extreme deserts in northern China and the vast steppes of central and eastern Mongolia. Animal husbandry is the main land use type across the region, with sheep and goat being the dominant species, supplemented by e.g. yaks in Tibet, horses in northern Mongolia or camels in the Gobi region. Estimates of grazing degradation in the region vary hugely, rendering development of urgently needed management strategies difficult. Part of this uncertainty is rooted in the lack of standards for assessments such selection of suitable degradation as indicators, and also in failure to calibrate assessments for the local abiotic context. Most notably, interactions between climate and human land use still are poorly understood. The talk presents results from own research in Mongolia, northern China and Tibet, combining standard fencing experiments with largescale transect studies and literature reviews.

