

Bavreuth

Dynamics of CO₂ exchange in irrigated and nonirrigated croplands in Haean Catchment, South Korea

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Aims

• To obtain reliable information about the net ecosystem exchange of CO₂ between the surface and the air in irrigated and non-irrigated croplands in South Korea.

Observation techniques

> eddy-covariance

2

12

To better understand the dynamics of agro-ecosystem CO₂ exchange during the whole growing period.

Methods

Research sites

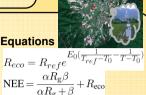
- irrigated rice field 2010 & 2011
- > weather stations non-irrigated potato field 2010
 - biomass

Data base

State-of-the-art quality control conventional and new gapfilling schemes

IKSTI

12



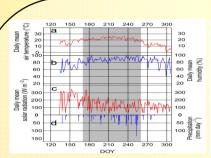
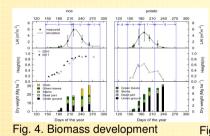
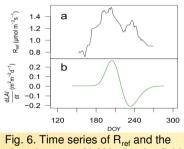


Fig. 1. Weather conditions

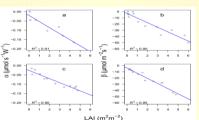


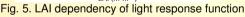


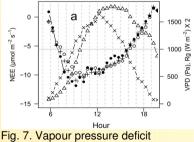
changing rate of LAI in the rice field



Results





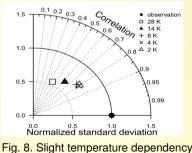


influence on NEE

Fig. 3. NEE and GPP in the potato field clear cloudy

	α/LAI	β/LAI	α/LAI	β/LAI
rice	-0.024	-8.8	-0.029	-11.2
potato	-0.040	-15.2	-0.040	-15.5

Tab. 1. Light quality influence on light response function



of GPP

Conclusions

- The primary cause of seasonal change in GPP is the change in Leaf Area Index (LAI) for both crops.
- The diurnal change in GPP is driven by the solar radiation. The photosynthetic efficiency of rice with diffuse radiatio is larger than with direct radiation. The photosynthetic efficiency of potatoes showed no difference between sunny and cloudy days.
- The seasonal change in the ecosystem respiration at the reference temperature in the rice field follows the change rate of LAI.
- Vapor pressure deficit (VPD) plays a significant role in the dry, premonsoon growing stage of non-irrigated crops and a minor role under Asian monsoon weather conditions.

Further information

Zhao, P. and Lüers, J., 2012. Biogeosciences Discuss., 9(3), 2883–2919.
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